

Problem: Slugs and Snails



Hosts: Too many to mention.

Description: A slug is a snail without the shell. They like moist areas and live on or in the ground. Slugs may be found from early spring to late fall and will feed on a wide variety of plant material. As slugs move, they leave a slimy trail that becomes silvery upon drying. There are a number of species of slugs that vary from 1/4 inch to 7 inches long.

Slugs reproduce by laying eggs. The number of eggs laid varies with species but average 20 to 30 with up to 100 being possible. Most eggs are laid in the spring to early summer. Eggs are round, filled with a watery substance and range from 1/8 to 1/4-inch in diameter. Newly hatched slugs appear much like the adult except they are smaller and may not be as fully colored. Slugs overwinter in the adult or near-adult stage and seek out shelter

Recommendations:

There are three common strategies used for slug control:

Cultural: Reduce the habitat that slugs like. Slugs need moist soil for egg-laying and cool shelter for protection during the day. Opening up the garden to more light and air movement will reduce the amount of favorable habitat. Do not apply mulch over 3 inches thick.

Trapping: Place a shallow pan in the garden and fill with beer or a mixture of sugar, yeast and water. Slugs fall into these pans and drown.

Commercial Slug Baits: These baits or pellets are the most effective in slug control. There are two main ingredients used in slug baits; metaldehyde and iron phosphate. Metaldehyde can be toxic to pets, fish and humans. Iron phosphate is not. Products with iron phosphate include Bayer Snail & Slug Killer Bait, Bonide Slug Magic Pellets, Schultz Slug & Snail Bait, Ortho Elementals Slug and Snail Killer, and Monterey Sluggo. Metaldehyde products comprise Ortho Snail, Slug & Insect Killer and Hi-Yield Slug & Snail Bait,

References:

[Slug Management in the Garden and Beyond](#), Maryland Cooperative Extension, Fact Sheet 822

Last Update: 2/3/2016

Brand names appearing in this publication are for product identification purposes only. No endorsement is intended, nor is criticism implied of similar products not mentioned.

“Knowledge for Life”

Kansas State University Agricultural Experiment Station and Cooperative Extension Service